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changes to: (IL:FUNCTIONS SYMBOL-TYPE)

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Read Table: XCL

Package: LISP

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(IL:RPAQQ IL:CMLTYPESCOMS

(

;;; Implementation of Common Lisp type system.

;;; implementation by Greg Nuyens ,Larry Masinter and Jan Pedersen.

;;; Predicates

(IL:FUNCTIONS COMMONP)

;;; Typep and friends

(IL:VARIABLES *TYPEP-HASH-TABLE*)
(IL:FUNCTIONS TYPEP TYPE-OF COERCE TYPECASE)
(IL:FUNCTIONS %VALID-TYPE-P)
(XCL:OPTIMIZERS TYPEP COERCE)

;;; for DEFTYPE

(IL:DEFINE-TYPES IL:TYPES)
(IL:FUNCTIONS DEFTYPE TYPE-EXPAND TYPE-EXPANDER SETF-TYPE-EXPANDER)
(IL:SETFS TYPE-EXPANDER)
(IL:DECLARE\ IL:DOCOPY IL:DONTEVAL@LOAD
;; There is still code out there that calls the IL: versions
(IL:P (IL:MOVD 'TYPE-EXPAND 'IL:TYPE-EXPAND)
(IL:MOVD 'TYPE-EXPANDER 'IL:TYPE-EXPANDER)))

;;; Support functions

(IL:FUNCTIONS ARRAY-TYPE SYMBOL-TYPE XCL:FALSE XCL:TRUE %RANGE-TYPE)
(IL:FUNCTIONS NUMBERP FLOATP)
(XCL:OPTIMIZERS NUMBERP FLOATP XCL:FALSE XCL:TRUE)

;;; For TYPEP

(IL:FUNCTIONS %TYPEP-PRED BIGNUMP)

;;; for SUBTYPEP

(IL:VARIABLES %NO-SUPER-TYPE *COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES* *BASE-TYPE-LATTICE*)
(IL:FUNCTIONS SUBTYPEP SUBTYPEP-TYPE-EXPAND SI::DATATYPE-P SI::SUB-DATATYPE-P EQUAL-DIMENSIONS
COMPLETE-ARRAY-TYPE-DIMENSIONS COMPLETE-META-EXPRESSION-DEFAULTS RANGE<= BASE-SUBTYPEP
EQUAL-ELEMENT-TYPE USEFUL-TYPE-EXPANSION-P)

;;; Basic deftypes

(IL:TYPES ATOM BIGNUM BIT CHARACTER CONS DOUBLE-FLOAT FIXNUM STREAM FLOAT FUNCTION HASH-TABLE INTEGER
KEYWORD LIST LONG-FLOAT MEMBER MOD NULL NUMBER PACKAGE SHORT-FLOAT SIGNED-BYTE STANDARD-CHAR
STRING-CHAR SINGLE-FLOAT SYMBOL UNSIGNED-BYTE RATIONAL READTABLE COMMON COMPILED-FUNCTION
SEQUENCE)

;;; Array Types

(IL:TYPES ARRAY VECTOR STRING SIMPLE-STRING SIMPLE-ARRAY SIMPLE-VECTOR BIT-VECTOR SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR)

;;; Fast predicates for typep

(IL:DEFINE-TYPES TYPEP)

```
(IL:FUNCTIONS DEFTYPEP)
(TYPEP LIST SEQUENCE MEMBER ARRAY SIMPLE-ARRAY VECTOR SIMPLE-VECTOR COMPLEX INTEGER MOD SIGNED-BYTE
  UNSIGNED-BYTE RATIONAL FLOAT STRING SIMPLE-STRING BIT-VECTOR SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR)
```

;;; for TYPE-OF Interlisp types that have different common Lisp names

```
(IL:PROP CMLTYPE IL:CHARACTER IL:FIXP IL:FLOATP IL:GENERAL-ARRAY IL:LISTP IL:LITATOM IL:ONED-ARRAY
  IL:SMALLP IL:HARRAYP IL:TWOD-ARRAY)
(IL:PROP CMLSUBTYPE-DESCRIMINATOR SYMBOL ARRAY)
```

;;; tell the filepkg what to do with the type-expander property

```
(IL:PROP IL:PROPTYPE :TYPE-EXPANDER IL:TYPE-EXPANDER)
```

;;; Compiler options

```
(IL:PROP (IL:FILETYPE IL:MAKEFILE-ENVIRONMENT)
  IL:CMLTYPES)
(IL:DECLARE\ : IL:DONTEVAL@LOAD IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY (IL:LOCALVARS . T)))
```

;;; Implementation of Common Lisp type system.

;;; implementation by Greg Nuyens ,Larry Masinter and Jan Pedersen.

;;; Predicates

```
(DEFUN COMMONP (OBJECT)
  (TYPEP OBJECT 'COMMON))
```

;;; Typep and friends

```
(DEFPARAMETER *TYPEP-HASH-TABLE* (MAKE-HASH-TABLE :TEST 'EQ))
```

```
(DEFUN TYPEP (OBJECT TYPE)
```

;; Check if OBJECT is of type TYPE

```
(LET* ((SYMBOL-TYPE (IF (CONSP TYPE)
  (CAR TYPE)
  TYPE))
  (FN (GETHASH SYMBOL-TYPE *TYPEP-HASH-TABLE*)))
  (IF FN
    (IF (CONSP TYPE)
      (FUNCCALL FN OBJECT (CDR TYPE))
      (FUNCCALL FN OBJECT))
    ;; Expand the type
    (IF (CONSP TYPE)
      (CASE SYMBOL-TYPE
        (SATISFIES (FUNCCALL (CADR TYPE)
          OBJECT))
        ((:DATATYPE IL:DATATYPE) (IL:TYPENAMEP OBJECT (CADR TYPE)))
        (NOT (NOT (TYPEP OBJECT (CADR TYPE))))
        (AND (DOLIST (SUB-TYPE (CDR TYPE)
          T)
          (IF (NOT (TYPEP OBJECT SUB-TYPE))
            (RETURN NIL))))
        (OR (DOLIST (SUB-TYPE (CDR TYPE)
          NIL)
          (IF (TYPEP OBJECT SUB-TYPE)
            (RETURN T))))
        (OTHERWISE (LET ((EXPANDER (TYPE-EXPANDER SYMBOL-TYPE)))
          (IF EXPANDER
            (TYPEP OBJECT (FUNCCALL EXPANDER TYPE))
            (ERROR "Unknown type expression: ~s" TYPE))))))
      (CASE SYMBOL-TYPE
        ((T) T)
        ((NIL) NIL)
        (OTHERWISE (LET ((EXPANDER (TYPE-EXPANDER SYMBOL-TYPE)))
          (IF EXPANDER
            (TYPEP OBJECT (FUNCCALL EXPANDER (LIST TYPE)))
            (ERROR "Unknown type expression: ~s" TYPE))))))))))
```

```
(DEFUN TYPE-OF (X)
```

```
(LET ((TYPENAME (IL:\\INDEXATOMPNAME (IL:fetch IL:DTIDNAME IL:of (IL:\\GETDTD (IL:NTYPX X))))))
  (SETQ TYPENAME (OR (GET TYPENAME 'CMLTYPE)
    TYPENAME))
  (OR (LET ((D (GET TYPENAME 'CMLSUBTYPE-DESCRIMINATOR)))
    (AND D (FUNCCALL D X)))
```

TYPENAME)))

(DEFUN COERCE (OBJECT RESULT-TYPE)

;; Coerce object to result-type if possible

```
(IF (TYPEP OBJECT RESULT-TYPE)
  OBJECT
  (COND
    ((EQ RESULT-TYPE 'CHARACTER)
     (CHARACTER OBJECT))
    ((MEMBER RESULT-TYPE '(FLOAT SINGLE-FLOAT SHORT-FLOAT LONG-FLOAT DOUBLE-FLOAT)
     :TEST #'EQ)
     (FLOAT OBJECT))
    ((EQ (IF (CONSP RESULT-TYPE)
             (CAR RESULT-TYPE)
             RESULT-TYPE)
         'COMPLEX)
     (IF (CONSP RESULT-TYPE)
         (LET ((SUBTYPE (CADR RESULT-TYPE)))
           (IF (COMPLEXP OBJECT)
               (COMPLEX (COERCE (REALPART OBJECT)
                                SUBTYPE)
                        (COERCE (IMAGPART OBJECT)
                                SUBTYPE))
               (COMPLEX (COERCE OBJECT SUBTYPE))))
         (COMPLEX OBJECT))))
    ((TYPEP OBJECT 'SEQUENCE)
     (MAP RESULT-TYPE 'IDENTITY OBJECT))
    (T (ERROR "Cannot coerce ~S to type: ~S" OBJECT RESULT-TYPE))))
```

(DEFMACRO TYPECASE (KEYFORM &REST FORMS)

"Type dispatch, order is important, more specific types should appear first"

```
`(LET (($TYPE-VALUE ,KEYFORM))
  (COND
    ,@(MAPCAR #'(LAMBDA (FORM)
                (LET ((PRED (IF (MEMBER (CAR FORM)
                                       '(OTHERWISE T)
                                       :TEST #'EQ)
                              T
                              `(TYPEP $TYPE-VALUE ',(CAR FORM))))
                    (FORM (IF (NULL (CDR FORM))
                              '(NIL)
                              (CDR FORM))))
                  `(:,PRED ,@FORM)))
            FORMS))))
```

(DEFUN %VALID-TYPE-P (TYPE)

```
(IF (CONSP TYPE)
  (CASE (CAR TYPE)
    (SATISFIES T)
    ((OR AND) (EVERY '%VALID-TYPE-P (CDR TYPE)))
    (NOT (%VALID-TYPE-P (CADR TYPE)))
    ((:DATATYPE IL:DATATYPE) T)
    (OTHERWISE (AND (TYPE-EXPANDER TYPE)
                    T)))
  (OR (AND (TYPE-EXPANDER TYPE)
           T)
      (EQ TYPE T)
      (NULL TYPE))))
```

(XCL:DEFOPTIMIZER TYPEP (OBJ TYPE)

```
(IF (CONSTANTP TYPE)
  (LET ((TYPE-EXPR (EVAL TYPE)))
    (IF (%VALID-TYPE-P TYPE-EXPR)
        `(:, (%TYPEP-PRED TYPE-EXPR)
            ,OBJ)
        (PROGN (WARN "Can't optimize (typep ~s ~s); type not known." OBJ TYPE)
                'COMPILER:PASS)))
  'COMPILER:PASS))
```

(XCL:DEFOPTIMIZER COERCE (OBJECT RESULT-TYPE)

;; Open code the simple coerce cases

```
(IF (CONSTANTP RESULT-TYPE)
  (CASE (EVAL RESULT-TYPE)
    (CHARACTER `(CHARACTER ,OBJECT))
    ((FLOAT SINGLE-FLOAT SHORT-FLOAT LONG-FLOAT DOUBLE-FLOAT)
     `(FLOAT ,OBJECT))
    (OTHERWISE 'COMPILER:PASS))
  'COMPILER:PASS))
```

;;; for DEFTYPE

(XCL:DEF-DEFINE-TYPE **IL:TYPES** "Common Lisp type definitions")

```
(XCL:DEFDEFINER (DEFTYPE (:PROTOTYPE (LAMBDA (NAME)
                                (AND (SYMBOLP NAME)
                                     `(DEFTYPE ,NAME ("Arg list"
                                                    "Body")))))
  IL:TYPES (NAME DEFTYPE-ARGS &BODY BODY)
  (UNLESS (AND NAME (SYMBOLP NAME))
    (ERROR "Illegal name used in DEFTYPE: ~S" NAME))
  (LET
    ((EXPANDER-NAME (XCL:PACK (LIST "type-expand-" NAME)
                               (SYMBOL-PACKAGE NAME))))
    (MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (PARSED-BODY DECLS DOCSTRING)
      (IL:PARSE-DEFMACRO DEFTYPE-ARGS 'SI::%%$TYPE-FORM BODY NAME NIL :DEFAULT-DEFAULT ''*)
      `(EVAL-WHEN (EVAL COMPILE LOAD)
        (SETF (SYMBOL-FUNCTION ',EXPANDER-NAME)
              #'(LAMBDA (SI::%%$TYPE-FORM)
                  ,@DECLS
                  (BLOCK ,NAME ,PARSED-BODY)))
              (SETF (TYPE-EXPANDER ',NAME)
                    ',EXPANDER-NAME)
              ,@(AND DOCSTRING `((SETF (DOCUMENTATION ',NAME 'TYPE)
                                       ,DOCSTRING)))
              ,@(IF (NULL DEFTYPE-ARGS)
                    (LET ((TYPEPEP-NAME (XCL:PACK (LIST "typep-evaluate-" NAME)
                                                    (SYMBOL-PACKAGE NAME))))
                      `( (EVAL-WHEN (LOAD)
                          (SETF (SYMBOL-FUNCTION ',TYPEPEP-NAME)
                                #'(LAMBDA (SI::%%$OBJECT)
                                    (TYPEP SI::%%$OBJECT ',NAME)))
                              (PUTHASH ',NAME *TYPEPEP-HASH-TABLE* ',TYPEPEP-NAME))
                          (EVAL-WHEN (EVAL)
                            (PUTHASH ',NAME *TYPEPEP-HASH-TABLE* NIL)))))))
                    (EVAL-WHEN (EVAL)
                      (PUTHASH ',NAME *TYPEPEP-HASH-TABLE* NIL)))))))))
```

(DEFUN **TYPE-EXPAND** (FORM &OPTIONAL (EXPANDER (**TYPE-EXPANDER** FORM)))

;; Expands a type form according to deftypes in effect. The caller must ensure there is an expander for the form

```
(IF EXPANDER
  (VALUES (FUNCALL EXPANDER (ETYPECASE FORM
                            (SYMBOL (LIST FORM))
                            (CONS FORM)))
          T)
  (VALUES FORM NIL))
```

(DEFUN **TYPE-EXPANDER** (TYPE)

```
(LET* ((SYMBOL-TYPE (ETYPECASE TYPE
                     (SYMBOL TYPE)
                     (CONS (CAR TYPE))))
  (EXPANDER (OR (GET SYMBOL-TYPE ':TYPE-EXPANDER)
                (GET SYMBOL-TYPE 'IL:TYPE-EXPANDER)))
  (IF (AND (NULL EXPANDER)
           (SYMBOLP TYPE)
           (SI::DATATYPE-P TYPE))
```

;; Install a deftype

```
(LET ((DEFTYPE-FORM `(DEFTYPE ,TYPE ()
                        '(:DATATYPE ,TYPE))))
  (IF (FBOUNDP 'XCL:COMPILE-FORM)
```

;; Compile form on the fly

```
(XCL:COMPILE-FORM DEFTYPE-FORM)
(LET ((IL:DFNFLAG NIL)
      (IL:FILEPKGFLAG NIL)
```

;; DFNFLAG nil makes sure this has an effect and filepkgflag nil makes sure it isn't remembered.

```
)
(EVAL DEFTYPE-FORM))
```

```
(TYPE-EXPANDER TYPE))
EXPANDER))
```

(DEFMACRO **SETF-TYPE-EXPANDER** (SYMBOL EXPANDER)

```
`(SETF (GET ,SYMBOL ':TYPE-EXPANDER)
      ,EXPANDER))
```

(DEFSETF **TYPE-EXPANDER** SETF-TYPE-EXPANDER)

(IL:DECLARE\ : IL:DOCOPY IL:DONTEVAL@LOAD


```
(T '<=)
,LOW X)
(, (COND
  ((CONSP HIGH)
   (SETQ HIGH (CAR HIGH))
   '<)
  (T '<=)
X
, HIGH))))))
```

;; If the limits are exactly the range specified in the rangelist, then return the corresponding type (since no range-check will be required
;; in the result).

```
(IF (AND (EQUAL LOW (CAR X))
         (EQUAL HIGH (CADR X)))
    (RETURN (CADDR X)))
```

;; If the limits are within the range, then remember the basetype.

```
(IF (<= (CAR X)
      (IF (CONSP LOW)
          (1+ (CAR LOW))
          LOW)
      (IF (CONSP HIGH)
          (1- (CAR HIGH))
          HIGH)
      (CADR X)))
    (SETQ BASE-TYPE (CADDR X))))))
```

```
(DEFUN NUMBERP (X)
  (AND (IL:NUMBERP X)
       T))
```

```
(DEFUN FLOATP (X)
  (AND (IL:FLOATP X)
       T))
```

```
(XCL:DEFOPTIMIZER NUMBERP (X)
  `(AND (IL:NUMBERP ,X)
        T))
```

```
(XCL:DEFOPTIMIZER FLOATP (X)
  `(AND (IL:FLOATP ,X)
        T))
```

```
(XCL:DEFOPTIMIZER XCL:FALSE (&BODY IL:FORMS)
  `(PROG1 NIL ,@IL:FORMS))
```

```
(XCL:DEFOPTIMIZER XCL:TRUE (&BODY XCL::FORMS)
  `(PROG1 T ,@XCL::FORMS))
```

;;; For TYPEP

```
(DEFUN %TYPEP-PRED (TYPE)
```

;; returns the predicate of one argument that determines this type.

```
(COND
  ((CONSP TYPE)
   (CASE (CAR TYPE)
     (SATISFIES (CADR TYPE))
     ((:DATATYPE IL:DATATYPE) `(LAMBDA (SI::%$$OBJECT)
                                (IL:TYPENAMEP SI::%$$OBJECT ', (CADR TYPE))))
     ((AND OR NOT) `(LAMBDA (SI::%$$OBJECT)
                       (, (CAR TYPE)
                        ,@ (MAPCAR #'(LAMBDA (SUBTYPE)
                                     (LIST (%TYPEP-PRED SUBTYPE)
                                           'SI::%$$OBJECT))
                               (CDR TYPE))))))
   (OTHERWISE (LET ((EXPANDER (TYPE-EXPANDER (CAR TYPE))))
                 (IF EXPANDER
                     (%TYPEP-PRED (FUNCALL EXPANDER TYPE))
                     (CERROR "Look again for a deftype on ~S." "No type definition for ~S. Specify one
                               with DEFTYPE." TYPE))))))
```

```
(T (COND
  ((EQ TYPE T)
   'XCL:TRUE)
  ((EQ TYPE NIL)
   'XCL:FALSE)
  (T (LET ((EXPANDER (TYPE-EXPANDER TYPE)))
        (COND
          (EXPANDER (%TYPEP-PRED (FUNCALL EXPANDER (LIST TYPE))))
```

```
(T ;; there is no deftype on this non-list type.
  (LOOP (IF (TYPE-EXPANDER TYPE)
            (RETURN NIL))
        (CERROR "Use the deftype you have specified." "No type definition for ~S.
                Specify one with DEFTYPE." TYPE))
        (%TYPEP-PRED TYPE))))))
```

```
(DEFUN BIGNUMP (X)
  (OR (IL:TYPENAMEP X 'IL:FIXP)
      (IL:TYPENAMEP X 'BIGNUM)))
```

;;; for SUBTYPEP

```
(DEFCONSTANT %NO-SUPER-TYPE 0
  "the value in the dtdsupertype field which indicates no super type.")
```

(DEFCONSTANT ***COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES***

```
;; The types which are known to be disjoint from any type explicitly handled by subtypep.
' ( ;; The only types that need to be in this list are types on page 43 that expand into a satisfies or datatype clause, i.e. any type that expands into
    ;; something that base-subtypep doesn't know to handle, e.g. satisfies.
    ARRAY ATOM BIGNUM ; even though bignum expands into a datatype, that datatype is
                      ; not a subdatatype of integer, etc. so must be explicitly handled.
    CHARACTER COMMON COMPLEX COMPILED-FUNCTION CONS IL:DATATYPE
    ; this is only here for back-compatibility. The first global
    ; recompile, this can go.
    :DATATYPE FLOAT FUNCTION HASH-TABLE INTEGER KEYWORD NIL NULL NUMBER PACKAGE PATHNAME RANDOM-STATE RATIO
    ; same comment for ratio as bignum.
    RATIONAL READTABLE SIMPLE-ARRAY STANDARD-CHAR STREAM STRING-CHAR SYMBOL T))
```

(DEFCONSTANT ***BASE-TYPE-LATTICE***

```
' ((NUMBER RATIONAL INTEGER RATIO FIXNUM BIGNUM COMPLEX FLOAT)
  (RATIONAL INTEGER RATIO FIXNUM BIGNUM)
  (INTEGER FIXNUM BIGNUM)
  (CHARACTER STRING-CHAR STANDARD-CHAR)
  (STRING-CHAR STANDARD-CHAR)
  (LIST NULL)
  (SYMBOL KEYWORD NULL)
  (ARRAY SIMPLE-ARRAY)
  #' COMPILED-FUNCTION
  (NIL)
  (IL:DATATYPE :DATATYPE) ; the presence of il:datatype is for back compatibility.
  (:DATATYPE IL:DATATYPE))
"the lattice which tells the (base) subtypes of any base type.")
```

(DEFUN **SUBTYPEP** (TYPE1 TYPE2)

```
;; Returns T if type1 is a subtype of type2. If second value is nil, couldn't decide.
(IF (EQUAL TYPE1 TYPE2)
    ;; no need to complete any further recursion, so just return success.
    (VALUES T T)
    (CASE (IF (CONSP TYPE1)
              (CAR TYPE1)
              TYPE1)
          (AND
            ;; (subtypep '(and t1 t2 ...) 't3) <= (or (subtypep 't1 't3) (subtypep 't2 't3) ...) because '(and t1 t2 ...) denotes the intersection of types
            ;; t1, t2, ...
            ;; Even if none of the conjuncts is a subtype, we still can't return (NIL T) because the intersection might still be a subtype.
            (LET ((RESULT NIL)
                  CERTAINTY CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
              (SETQ CERTAINTY (DOLIST (TYPE1-CONJUNCT (CDR TYPE1))
                                     NIL)
                    (MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
                                           (SUBTYPEP TYPE1-CONJUNCT TYPE2)))
              (WHEN CONJUNCT-RESULT
                (SETQ RESULT T)
                (IF CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY (RETURN T))))))
            (VALUES RESULT CERTAINTY)))
          (OR
            ;; (subtypep '(or t1 t2 ...) 't3) <=> (and (subtypep 't1 't3) (subtypep 't2 't3) ...)
            (LET ((RESULT T)
                  CERTAINTY
                  (LOOP-CERTAINTY T)
                  CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
              (SETQ CERTAINTY (DOLIST (TYPE1-CONJUNCT (CDR TYPE1))
                                     LOOP-CERTAINTY))
```

```

;; returns t only if every conjunct clause is a certain subtype, or if one conjunct clause is certainly
;; not a subtype
(MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
  (SUBTYPEP TYPE1-CONJUNCT TYPE2))
(COND
  ((NULL CONJUNCT-RESULT)
   (SETQ RESULT NIL)
   (IF CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY
        (RETURN T)
        ;; else continue to look for a more certain result
        (SETQ LOOP-CERTAINTY NIL)))
  (T (IF (NULL CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
         (SETQ LOOP-CERTAINTY NIL))))))
(VALUE RESULT CERTAINTY))
(OTHERWISE
  ;; Try to expand type1
  (MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (NEW-TYPE1 EXPANDED?)
    (SUBTYPEP-TYPE-EXPAND TYPE1)
    (IF (USEFUL-TYPE-EXPANSION-P NEW-TYPE1 EXPANDED?)
        (SUBTYPEP NEW-TYPE1 TYPE2)
        ;; We now have a base type for type1, there is nothing further to be done with it, by itself. So we check for special cases in
        ;; type2
        (CASE (IF (CONSP TYPE2)
                  (CAR TYPE2)
                  TYPE2)
              (AND
                ;; (subtypep 't1 '(and t2 t3 ...)) <=> (and (subtypep 't1 't2) (subtypep 't1 't3) ...) because '(and t2 t3 ...) denotes the
                ;; intersection of types t2, t3, ...
                (LET ((RESULT T)
                      CERTAINTY
                      (LOOP-CERTAINTY T)
                      CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
                  (SETQ CERTAINTY (DOLIST (TYPE2-CONJUNCT (CDR TYPE2)
                                                            LOOP-CERTAINTY)
                                         (MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
                                                               (SUBTYPEP TYPE1 TYPE2-CONJUNCT))
                                         (COND
                                          ((NULL CONJUNCT-RESULT)
                                           (SETQ RESULT NIL)
                                           (IF CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY
                                                (RETURN T)
                                                ;; else continue to look for a more certain result
                                                (SETQ LOOP-CERTAINTY NIL)))
                                          (T (IF (NULL CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
                                               (SETQ LOOP-CERTAINTY NIL))))))
                    (VALUES RESULT CERTAINTY)))
                (OR
                  ;; (subtypep 't1 '(or t2 t3 ...)) <=> (or (subtypep 't1 't2) (subtypep 't1 't3) ... ) because '(or t1 t2 ...) denotes the union
                  ;; of types t1, t2, ...
                  ;; We can't ever return (values nil t) because the t2..tn might form a partition of t1, i.e.
                  ;; (deftype evenp nil '(and integer (satisfies %evenp)))
                  ;; (deftype oddp nil '(and integer (satisfies %oddp)))
                  ;; (subtypep 'integer '(or evenp oddp)) is true, but the satisfies makes it undecidable, so we must return (nil nil).
                  (LET ((RESULT NIL)
                        CERTAINTY CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
                    (SETQ CERTAINTY (DOLIST (TYPE2-CONJUNCT (CDR TYPE2)
                                                            NIL)
                                         (MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (CONJUNCT-RESULT CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY)
                                                               (SUBTYPEP TYPE1 TYPE2-CONJUNCT))
                                         (WHEN CONJUNCT-RESULT
                                          (SETQ RESULT T)
                                          (IF CONJUNCT-CERTAINTY (RETURN T))))))
                    (VALUES RESULT CERTAINTY)))
                (OTHERWISE
                  ;; try to expand type2.
                  (MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (NEW-TYPE2 EXPANDED?)
                    (SUBTYPEP-TYPE-EXPAND TYPE2)
                    (IF (USEFUL-TYPE-EXPANSION-P NEW-TYPE2 EXPANDED?)
                        (SUBTYPEP TYPE1 NEW-TYPE2)
                        ;; we have now handled everything but base types. There is no further expansion etc, to be done.
                        (BASE-SUBTYPEP TYPE1 TYPE2)))))))))

```

```

(DEFUN SUBTYPEP-TYPE-EXPAND (TYPE)
  ;; Like type-expand, except it doesn't expand base-types.

```



```
(IF (MEMBER (IF (CONSP TYPE)
                (CAR TYPE)
                TYPE)
      *COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES* :TEST #'EQ)
    (VALUES TYPE NIL)
    (TYPE-EXPAND TYPE)))
```

```
(DEFUN SI::DATATYPE-P (SI::NAME)
  ;; Returns T if name is a datatype known to the XAIE type system
  (AND (IL:\TYPENUMBERFROMNAME SI::NAME)
        T))
```

```
(DEFUN SI::SUB-DATATYPE-P (TYPE1 TYPE2)
  ;; Returns T if type2 is a (not necessarily proper) supertype of type1.
  (DO* ((TYPE-NUMBER-1 (IL:\TYPENUMBERFROMNAME TYPE1))
        (TYPE-NUMBER-2 (IL:\TYPENUMBERFROMNAME TYPE2))
        (SUPER-TYPE-NUMBER TYPE-NUMBER-1 (IL:|fetch| IL:DTSUPERTYPE IL:|of| (IL:\GETDTD SUPER-TYPE-NUMBER))))
    ((EQ %NO-SUPER-TYPE SUPER-TYPE-NUMBER)
     ;; we didn't find type2 on type1's super chain so return NIL
     NIL)
    (IF (EQ SUPER-TYPE-NUMBER TYPE-NUMBER-2)
        (RETURN T))))
```

```
(DEFUN EQUAL-DIMENSIONS (DIMS1 DIMS2)
  ;; Says if dims1 and dims2 are the same in each dimension (allowing for wildcard's (*s)).
  (OR (EQ DIMS1 '*)
      (EQ DIMS2 '*)
      (AND (EQUAL (LENGTH DIMS1)
                  (LENGTH DIMS2))
            (DO ((DIM1 DIMS1 (CDR DIM1))
                (DIM2 DIMS2 (CDR DIM2)))
                ((NULL DIM1)
                 T)
                (IF (NOT (OR (EQ (CAR DIM1)
                                '*)
                             (EQ (CAR DIM2)
                                '*)
                             (EQ (CAR DIM1)
                                (CAR DIM2))))
                    (RETURN NIL)))))))
```

```
(DEFUN COMPLETE-ARRAY-TYPE-DIMENSIONS (DIMENSIONS)
  (ETYPESCASE DIMENSIONS
    (CONS DIMENSIONS)
    ((OR NULL (MEMBER *) '*))
    (INTEGER (MAKE-LIST DIMENSIONS :INITIAL-ELEMENT '*))))
```

```
(DEFUN COMPLETE-META-EXPRESSION-DEFAULTS (TYPE)
  ;; given a type expression finishes the defaults the same way as the type-expander.
  (LET ((LIST-TYPE (IF (LISTP TYPE)
                      TYPE
                      (LIST TYPE))))
    (CASE (CAR LIST-TYPE)
      ((SIMPLE-ARRAY ARRAY) (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (ARRAY-TYPE &OPTIONAL (ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
                                                    (DIMENSIONS '*))
          LIST-TYPE
          (LIST ARRAY-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE (COMPLETE-ARRAY-TYPE-DIMENSIONS
                                         DIMENSIONS))))
      ((INTEGER FLOAT RATIONAL) (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (NUMERIC-TYPE &OPTIONAL (LOWER '*))
                                                         (HIGHER '*))
          LIST-TYPE
          (LIST NUMERIC-TYPE LOWER HIGHER)))
      (COMPLEX (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (NUMERIC-TYPE &OPTIONAL (ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
                                       LIST-TYPE
                                       (LIST NUMERIC-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE)))
      (T TYPE))))
```

```
(DEFUN RANGE<= (LOW2 LOW1 HIGH1 HIGH2 TYPE1 TYPE2)
```

;;; Returns t if bound1 is less than or equal bound2, allowing for wildcards.

```
(IF (EQ TYPE1 'INTEGER)
    (COND
      ((CONSP LOW1)
       (SETQ LOW1 (+ (CAR LOW1)
                     1))))
```

```

((CONSP HIGH1)
 (SETQ HIGH1 (- (CAR HIGH1)
 1))))
(IF (EQ TYPE2 'INTEGER)
(COND
 ((CONSP LOW2)
 (SETQ LOW2 (+ (CAR LOW2)
 1)))
 ((CONSP HIGH2)
 (SETQ HIGH2 (- (CAR HIGH2)
 1))))))
(AND ;; check the low bounds
(COND
 ((EQ LOW2 '*)
 T)
 ((EQ LOW1 '*)
 NIL)
 (T (IF (CONSP LOW2)
 (IF (CONSP LOW1)
 (<= (CAR LOW2)
 (CAR LOW1))
 (< (CAR LOW2)
 LOW1))
 (IF (CONSP LOW1)
 (<= LOW2 (CAR LOW1))
 (<= LOW2 LOW1))))))
;; Check the high bounds
(COND
 ((EQ HIGH2 '*)
 T)
 ((EQ HIGH1 '*)
 NIL)
 (T (IF (CONSP HIGH2)
 (IF (CONSP HIGH1)
 (>= (CAR HIGH2)
 (CAR HIGH1))
 (> (CAR HIGH2)
 HIGH1))
 (IF (CONSP HIGH1)
 (>= HIGH2 (CAR HIGH1))
 (>= HIGH2 HIGH1))))))

```

(DEFUN **BASE-SUBTYPEP** (TYPE1 TYPE2)

;; Contains subtypep's special cases for base types.

```

(LET ((SYMBOL-TYPE1 (IF (CONSP TYPE1)
 (CAR TYPE1)
 TYPE1))
 (SYMBOL-TYPE2 (IF (CONSP TYPE2)
 (CAR TYPE2)
 TYPE2)))
(COND
 ((OR (EQ TYPE1 NIL)
 (EQ TYPE2 T)
 (EQUAL TYPE1 TYPE2))
 (VALUES T T))
 ((EQ TYPE2 'COMMON)
 ;; Common does not list it's subtypes in the lattice, since their
 ;; presence indicates that they are in COMMON.
 (IF (MEMBER SYMBOL-TYPE1 *COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES* :TEST #'EQ)
 ;; then this is part of common. Note this will include structures etc.
 (VALUES T T)
 (VALUES NIL T)))
 ((OR (NOT (MEMBER SYMBOL-TYPE1 *COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES* :TEST #'EQ))
 (NOT (MEMBER SYMBOL-TYPE2 *COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES* :TEST #'EQ)))
 ;; one of the types is something we can't reason about (for
 ;; instance a user defined type that expands into satisfies.)
 (VALUES NIL NIL))
 ;; from this point on, we are only dealing with Common Lisp base types.
 ((EQ TYPE1 T)
 (VALUES NIL T)) ; t is not a subtype of anything but t, and that's checked above.
 ((EQ TYPE2 NIL)
 (VALUES NIL T)) ; nil is not a supertype of anything but nil, and that's checked
 ; above.
 (VALUES NIL T))
 ;; this case could be explicitly added to the type lattice. But if someone adds a base type, then they would have to remember to add it
 ;; as a sub type of atom, (which they wouldn't.)
 ((EQ TYPE2 'ATOM)
 (VALUES NIL T))
 ;; this is the only base type that isn't a subtype of atom.
 (IF (EQ TYPE1 'CONS)
 (VALUES NIL T)
 (VALUES T T)))
 ((NOT (OR (EQ SYMBOL-TYPE1 SYMBOL-TYPE2)
 (MEMBER SYMBOL-TYPE1 (ASSOC SYMBOL-TYPE2 *BASE-TYPE-LATTICE* :TEST #'EQ)

```

```

:TEST
#'EQ))
;; since we are now dealing with only base types, we can make sure that type1 (without its arguments) is a subtype of type2, before
;; checking the constraints on the arguments.
(VALUE NIL T))
(T ;; Now check the constraints on the type arguments.
 (LET ((TYPE1 (COMPLETE-META-EXPRESSION-DEFAULTS TYPE1))
       (TYPE2 (COMPLETE-META-EXPRESSION-DEFAULTS TYPE2)))
      (CASE (IF (CONSP TYPE1)
                (CAR TYPE1)
                TYPE1)
            ((ARRAY SIMPLE-ARRAY)
             ;; the type will look like (simple-array element-type dimensions)
             (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (ARRAY-TYPE1 ELEMENT-TYPE-1 DIMS-1)
                                     TYPE1
                                     (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (ARRAY-TYPE2 ELEMENT-TYPE-2 DIMS-2)
                                                             TYPE2
                                                             (IF (AND (EQUAL-ELEMENT-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE-1 ELEMENT-TYPE-2)
                                                                    (EQUAL-DIMENSIONS DIMS-1 DIMS-2))
                                                                (VALUES T T)
                                                                (VALUES NIL T))))))
            ((:DATATYPE IL:DATATYPE)
             ;; we wouldn't have made it here if they weren't both datatypes, since only datatype is a subtype of datatype in the
             ;; lattice.
             (VALUES (SI::SUB-DATATYPE-P (CADR TYPE1)
                                         (CADR TYPE2))
                     T))
            ((INTEGER RATIONAL FLOAT) (CASE TYPE2
                                         (NUMBER
                                          ;; number doesn't take ranges, there's nothing to verify.
                                          (VALUES T T))
                                          (OTHERWISE (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND
                                                       (NUMERIC-TYPE1 LOW1 HIGH1)
                                                       TYPE1
                                                       (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (NUMERIC-TYPE2 LOW2
                                                                                       HIGH2)
                                                                                       TYPE2
                                                                                       (IF (RANGE<= LOW2 LOW1 HIGH1 HIGH2
                                                                                           NUMERIC-TYPE1 NUMERIC-TYPE2)
                                                                                           (VALUES T T)
                                                                                           (VALUES NIL T))))))))))
            (COMPLEX (CASE TYPE2
                      (NUMBER (VALUES T T))
                      (OTHERWISE
                       ;; typep2 must be complex
                       (LET ((ELT-TYPE1 (CADR TYPE1))
                             (ELT-TYPE2 (CADR TYPE2)))
                           (COND
                            ((EQ ELT-TYPE2 '*)
                             (VALUES T T))
                            ((EQ ELT-TYPE1 '*)
                             (VALUES NIL T))
                            (T (SUBTYPEP ELT-TYPE1 ELT-TYPE2))))))
                      (OTHERWISE
                       ;; these are two base types. the lattice said they are subtypes, and there are no special rules on the arguments, so
                       ;; the result is (t t) if they are equal
                       (VALUES T T)))))))))

```

```

(DEFUN EQUAL-ELEMENT-TYPE (ELEMENT-TYPE-1 ELEMENT-TYPE-2)

```

;; returns t if they are element types for compatible array types.

```

(COND
 ((EQ ELEMENT-TYPE-2 '*))
 (T))
 ((EQ ELEMENT-TYPE-1 '*))
 (NIL))
 (T (EQUAL (IL:%GET-CANONICAL-CML-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE-1)
           (IL:%GET-CANONICAL-CML-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE-2))))))

```

```

(DEFUN USEFUL-TYPE-EXPANSION-P (EXPANSION EXPANDED)

```

;; a type expansion only gained information if some expansion happened and the result isn't solely a satisfies form.

```

(AND EXPANDED (NOT (AND (CONSP EXPANSION)
                        (EQ (CAR EXPANSION)
                            'SATISFIES))))))

```

;;; Basic deftypes

```
(DEFTYPE ATOM ()
  '(SATISFIES ATOM))

(DEFTYPE BIGNUM ()
  '(SATISFIES BIGNUMP))

(DEFTYPE BIT ()
  '(INTEGER 0 1))

(DEFTYPE CHARACTER ()
  '(SATISFIES CHARACTERP))

(DEFTYPE CONS ()
  '(:DATATYPE IL:LISTP))

(DEFTYPE DOUBLE-FLOAT (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
  `(FLOAT ,LOW ,HIGH))

(DEFTYPE FIXNUM ()
  `(INTEGER ,MOST-NEGATIVE-FIXNUM ,MOST-POSITIVE-FIXNUM))

(DEFTYPE STREAM ()
  '(:DATATYPE STREAM))

(DEFTYPE FLOAT (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
  (%RANGE-TYPE '(:DATATYPE IL:FLOATP)
    LOW HIGH))

(DEFTYPE FUNCTION ()
  '(SATISFIES FUNCTIONP))

(DEFTYPE HASH-TABLE ()
  '(:DATATYPE IL:HARRAYP))

(DEFTYPE INTEGER (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
  (%RANGE-TYPE '(SATISFIES INTEGERP)
    LOW HIGH `((, IL:MIN.INTEGER ,IL:MAX.INTEGER (SATISFIES INTEGERP)
      (, IL:MIN.FIXP ,IL:MAX.FIXP (OR (SATISFIES IL:SMALLP)
        (:DATATYPE IL:FIXP)))
      (, IL:MIN.SMALLP ,IL:MAX.SMALLP (SATISFIES IL:SMALLP))
      (0 1 (MEMBER 0 1))))))

(DEFTYPE KEYWORD ()
  '(SATISFIES KEYWORDP))

(DEFTYPE LIST (&OPTIONAL TYPE)
  (IF (EQ TYPE '*')
    '(OR NULL CONS)
    `(AND LIST (SATISFIES (LAMBDA (X)
      (EVERY #'(LAMBDA (ELEMENT)
        (TYPEP ELEMENT ',TYPE))
      X))))))

(DEFTYPE LONG-FLOAT (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
  `(FLOAT ,LOW ,HIGH))

(DEFTYPE MEMBER (&REST VALUES)
  `(SATISFIES (LAMBDA (X)
    (MEMBER X ',VALUES))))

(DEFTYPE MOD (N)
  `(INTEGER 0 ,(1- N)))

(DEFTYPE NULL ()
  '(SATISFIES NULL))

(DEFTYPE NUMBER ()
```

```
' (SATISFIES NUMBERP))
```

```
(DEFTYPE PACKAGE ()
' (:DATATYPE PACKAGE))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SHORT-FLOAT (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
\FLOAT ,LOW ,HIGH))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SIGNED-BYTE (&OPTIONAL S)
(IF (EQ S '*')
' INTEGER
(LET ((SIZE (EXPT 2 (1- S))))
\ (INTEGER , (- SIZE)
, (1- SIZE))))))
```

```
(DEFTYPE STANDARD-CHAR ()
' (SATISFIES STANDARD-CHAR-P))
```

```
(DEFTYPE STRING-CHAR ()
' (AND CHARACTER (SATISFIES STRING-CHAR-P)))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SINGLE-FLOAT (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
\FLOAT ,LOW ,HIGH))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SYMBOL ()
' (:DATATYPE IL:LITATOM))
```

```
(DEFTYPE UNSIGNED-BYTE (&OPTIONAL S)
(IF (EQ S '*')
' (INTEGER 0 *)
\ (INTEGER 0 (, (EXPT 2 S))))))
```

```
(DEFTYPE RATIONAL (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH)
(%RANGE-TYPE ' (OR RATIO INTEGER)
LOW HIGH))
```

```
(DEFTYPE READTABLE ()
' (:DATATYPE READTABLEP))
```

```
(DEFTYPE COMMON ()
```

;; This is a hack. (You can tell, because it uses TYPE-OF.) However, it is correct. (Note that even though subtypep uses expanders, there is no danger of a loop because it quits when it reaches a satisfies clause.)

```
\ (SATISFIES (LAMBDA (OBJ)
(VALUE (SUBTYPEP (TYPE-OF OBJ)
' COMMON))))))
```

```
(DEFTYPE COMPILED-FUNCTION ()
' (SATISFIES COMPILED-FUNCTION-P))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SEQUENCE (&OPTIONAL TYPE)
```

;; Larry's dubious extension, that I can't remove because he wrote code that relies on it. Actually the extension is somewhat useful, but confusing. (it simulates the DECL facility for saying (LIST user-type).)

```
(IF (EQ TYPE '*')
' (OR VECTOR LIST
\ (AND SEQUENCE (SATISFIES (LAMBDA (X)
(EVERY #' (LAMBDA (ELEMENT)
(TYPEP ELEMENT ' ,TYPE)
X)))))))
```

;;; Array Types

```
(DEFTYPE ARRAY (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE DIMENSIONS)
```

;;; This type definition should not return anything other than satisfies. Other array types are determined in terms of this one, (for subtypep's sake) so this one must bottom out.

```
(IF (TYPEP DIMENSIONS 'FIXNUM)
(SETQ DIMENSIONS (MAKE-LIST DIMENSIONS :INITIAL-ELEMENT '*)))
(IF (NOT (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*'))
(SETQ ELEMENT-TYPE (IL:%GET-CANONICAL-CML-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE)))
```

```
(COND
  ((EQ DIMENSIONS '*))
  (IF (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
    '(Satisfies ARRAYP)
    `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
      (AND (ARRAYP X)
           (EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE X)
                  ',ELEMENT-TYPE))))))
  ((EQ (LENGTH DIMENSIONS)
        1)
    (LET ((SIZE (CAR DIMENSIONS)))
      (COND
        ((EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
        (IF (EQ SIZE '*))
          '(Satisfies VECTORP)
          `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
            (AND (VECTORP X)
                 (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE X)
                     ,SIZE))))))
        ((EQ ELEMENT-TYPE 'STRING-CHAR)
         (IF (EQ SIZE '*))
           '(Satisfies STRINGP)
           `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
             (AND (STRINGP X)
                  (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE X)
                      ,SIZE))))))
        ((OR (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE 'BIT)
              (EQUAL ELEMENT-TYPE '(UNSIGNED-BYTE 1)))
         (IF (EQ SIZE '*))
           '(Satisfies BIT-VECTOR-P)
           `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
             (AND (BIT-VECTOR-P X)
                  (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE X)
                      ,SIZE))))))
        (T ;; vector of explicit element-type
         `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
           (AND (VECTORP X)
                ,@(IF (NOT (EQ SIZE '*))
                      `((EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE X)
                          ,SIZE)))
                (EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE X)
                       ',ELEMENT-TYPE)))))))))
  ((EVERY #'(LAMBDA (DIM)
    (EQ DIM '*))
    DIMENSIONS)
    `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
      (AND (ARRAYP X)
           (EQ (ARRAY-RANK X)
               , (LENGTH DIMENSIONS))
           ,@(IF (NOT (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
                 `((EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE X)
                          ',ELEMENT-TYPE)))))))))
  ((EVERY #'(LAMBDA (DIM)
    (OR (EQ DIM '*))
        (TYPEP DIM 'FIXNUM)))
    DIMENSIONS)
    `(Satisfies (LAMBDA (X)
      (AND (ARRAYP X)
           (EQ (ARRAY-RANK X)
               , (LENGTH DIMENSIONS))
           ,@(DO ((DIM-SPEC DIMENSIONS (CDR DIM-SPEC))
                  (DIM 0 (1+ DIM))
                  FORMS)
                 ((NULL DIM-SPEC)
                  FORMS)
                 (IF (NOT (EQ (CAR DIM-SPEC)
                              '*))
                     (PUSH `(EQ (ARRAY-DIMENSION X ,DIM)
                                , (CAR DIM-SPEC))
                            FORMS)))
           ,@(IF (NOT (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
                 `((EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE X)
                          ',ELEMENT-TYPE)))))))))
  (T (ERROR "Bad (final) array type designator: ~S" `(ARRAY ,ELEMENT-TYPE ,DIMENSIONS))))
```

```
(DEFTYPE VECTOR (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE SIZE)
  ;; this type must be defined in terms of array so that subtypep can reason(?) about them.
  `(ARRAY ,ELEMENT-TYPE (,SIZE)))
```

```
(DEFTYPE STRING (&OPTIONAL SIZE)
  `(ARRAY STRING-CHAR (,SIZE)))
```



```
(T (ERROR "Bad (final) array type designator: ~S" `(SIMPLE-ARRAY ,ELEMENT-TYPE ,DIMENSIONS))))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SIMPLE-VECTOR (&OPTIONAL SIZE)
  `(SIMPLE-ARRAY T (,SIZE)))
```

```
(DEFTYPE BIT-VECTOR (&OPTIONAL SIZE)
  `(ARRAY (UNSIGNED-BYTE 1)
    (,SIZE)))
```

```
(DEFTYPE SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR (&OPTIONAL SIZE)
  `(SIMPLE-ARRAY (UNSIGNED-BYTE 1)
    (,SIZE)))
```

;;; Fast predicates for typep

```
(XCL:DEF-DEFINE-TYPE TYPEP "Typep evaluator for a type")
```

```
(XCL:DEFDEFINER DEFTYPEP TYPEP (NAME TYPE-ARGS OBJECT-ARG &BODY BODY)
```

;;; The comment below is not necessarily true for deftype, so until the PavCompiler groks deftype, leave the eval-when alone.

;; The EVAL-WHEN below should be a PROGN as soon as the old ByteCompiler/COMPILE-FILE hack is done away with. The PavCompiler understands DEFMACRO's correctly and doesn't side-effect the environment.

```
(UNLESS (AND NAME (SYMBOLP NAME))
  (ERROR "Illegal name used in DEFTYPEP: ~S" NAME))
(MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (PARSED-BODY DECLS DOCSTRING)
  (IL:PARSE-DEFMACRO TYPE-ARGS 'SI::%$TYPE-ARGS BODY NAME NIL :DEFAULT-DEFAULT ''* :PATH
    'SI::%$TYPE-ARGS))
(LET ((TYPEP-NAME (XCL:PACK (LIST "typep-evaluate-" NAME)
  (SYMBOL-PACKAGE NAME))))
```

;; the eval-when insures that the functions in the hash table are always compiled

```
`(PROGN (EVAL-WHEN (LOAD)
  (SETF (SYMBOL-FUNCTION ',TYPEP-NAME)
    #'(LAMBDA (SI::%$OBJECT &OPTIONAL SI::%$TYPE-ARGS)
      ,@DECLS
      (BLOCK ,NAME
        (LET ((, (CAR OBJECT-ARG)
          SI::%$OBJECT)
          , PARSED-BODY))))
  (SETF (GETHASH ',NAME *TYPEP-HASH-TABLE*)
    ',TYPEP-NAME)
  ,@(AND DOCSTRING `((SETF (DOCUMENTATION ',NAME 'TYPEP)
    ,DOCSTRING))))))
```

```
(EVAL-WHEN (EVAL)
```

;; With redefinition, clear the hash table

```
(SETF (GETHASH ',NAME *TYPEP-HASH-TABLE*)
  NIL))))))
```

```
(DEFTYPEP LIST (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE) (OBJECT)
  (AND (LISTP OBJECT)
    (IF (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*')
      T
      (DOLIST (L OBJECT T)
        (IF (NOT (TYPEP L ELEMENT-TYPE))
          (RETURN NIL))))))
```

```
(DEFTYPEP SEQUENCE (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE) (OBJECT)
  (AND (TYPEP OBJECT 'SEQUENCE)
    (IF (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*')
      T
      (EVERY #'(LAMBDA (S)
        (TYPEP S ELEMENT-TYPE))
        OBJECT))))
```

```
(DEFTYPEP MEMBER (&REST VALUES) (OBJECT)
  (MEMBER OBJECT VALUES))
```

```
(DEFTYPEP ARRAY (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE DIMS) (OBJECT)
  (IF (NOT (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*'))
    (SETQ ELEMENT-TYPE (IL:%GET-CANONICAL-CML-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE)))
  (AND (ARRAYP OBJECT)
    (IF (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*')
      T
      (EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE OBJECT)
        ELEMENT-TYPE)))
  (COND
```



```

(EQ DIMS '*)
T)
((TYPEP DIMS 'FIXNUM)
(EQ (ARRAY-RANK OBJECT)
DIMS))
(T
;; Must be a cons
(AND (EQ (ARRAY-RANK OBJECT)
(LENGTH DIMS))
(DO ((I 0 (1+ I))
(D DIMS (CDR D)))
(NULL D)
T)
(IF (AND (TYPEP (CAR D)
'FIXNUM)
(NOT (EQ (ARRAY-DIMENSION OBJECT I)
(CAR D))))
(RETURN NIL))))))

```

```

(DEFTYPEP SIMPLE-ARRAY (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE DIMS) (OBJECT)
(IF (NOT (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
(SETQ ELEMENT-TYPE (IL:%GET-CANONICAL-CML-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE)))
(AND (XCL:SIMPLE-ARRAY-P OBJECT)
(IF (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*)
T
(EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE OBJECT)
ELEMENT-TYPE))
(COND
((EQ DIMS '*)
T)
((TYPEP DIMS 'FIXNUM)
(EQ (ARRAY-RANK OBJECT)
DIMS))
(T
;; Must be a cons
(AND (EQ (ARRAY-RANK OBJECT)
(LENGTH DIMS))
(DO ((I 0 (1+ I))
(D DIMS (CDR D)))
(NULL D)
T)
(IF (AND (TYPEP (CAR D)
'FIXNUM)
(NOT (EQ (ARRAY-DIMENSION OBJECT I)
(CAR D))))
(RETURN NIL))))))

```

```

(DEFTYPEP VECTOR (&OPTIONAL ELEMENT-TYPE SIZE) (OBJECT)
(IF (NOT (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*))
(SETQ ELEMENT-TYPE (IL:%GET-CANONICAL-CML-TYPE ELEMENT-TYPE)))
(AND (VECTORP OBJECT)
(IF (EQ ELEMENT-TYPE '*)
T
(EQUAL (ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE OBJECT)
ELEMENT-TYPE))
(IF (EQ SIZE '*)
T
(EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE OBJECT)
SIZE))))

```

```

(DEFTYPEP SIMPLE-VECTOR (&OPTIONAL SIZE) (OBJECT)
(AND (SIMPLE-VECTOR-P OBJECT)
(IF (EQ SIZE '*)
T
(EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE OBJECT)
SIZE))))

```

```

(DEFTYPEP COMPLEX (&OPTIONAL TYPE) (OBJECT)
(AND (COMPLEXP OBJECT)
(IF (EQ TYPE '*)
T
(AND (TYPEP (REALPART OBJECT)
TYPE)
(TYPEP (IMAGPART OBJECT)
TYPE))))

```

```

(DEFTYPEP INTEGER (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH) (OBJECT)
(AND (INTEGERP OBJECT)
(COND
((EQ LOW '*)
T)
((CONSP LOW)

```

```

      (> OBJECT (CAR LOW)))
      (T (>= OBJECT LOW)))
(COND
  ((EQ HIGH '*)
   T)
  ((CONSP HIGH)
   (> (CAR HIGH)
    OBJECT))
  (T (>= HIGH OBJECT))))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP MOD (&OPTIONAL N) (OBJECT)
  (AND (INTEGERP OBJECT)
        (>= OBJECT 0)
        (IF (EQ N '*)
            T
            (> N OBJECT))))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP SIGNED-BYTE (&OPTIONAL S) (OBJECT)
  (AND (INTEGERP OBJECT)
        (IF (EQ S '*)
            T
            (LET ((BOUND (ASH 1 (1- S))))
                (AND (>= OBJECT (- BOUND))
                     (> BOUND OBJECT))))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP UNSIGNED-BYTE (&OPTIONAL S) (OBJECT)
  (AND (INTEGERP OBJECT)
        (>= OBJECT 0)
        (IF (EQ S '*)
            T
            (> (ASH 1 S)
                OBJECT))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP RATIONAL (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH) (OBJECT)
  (AND (RATIONALP OBJECT)
        (COND
          ((EQ LOW '*)
           T)
          ((CONSP LOW)
           (> OBJECT (CAR LOW)))
          (T (>= OBJECT LOW)))
        (COND
          ((EQ HIGH '*)
           T)
          ((CONSP HIGH)
           (> (CAR HIGH)
            OBJECT))
          (T (>= HIGH OBJECT))))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP FLOAT (&OPTIONAL LOW HIGH) (OBJECT)
  (AND (FLOATP OBJECT)
        (COND
          ((EQ LOW '*)
           T)
          ((CONSP LOW)
           (> OBJECT (CAR LOW)))
          (T (>= OBJECT LOW)))
        (COND
          ((EQ HIGH '*)
           T)
          ((CONSP HIGH)
           (> (CAR HIGH)
            OBJECT))
          (T (>= HIGH OBJECT))))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP STRING (&OPTIONAL SIZE) (OBJECT)
  (AND (STRINGP OBJECT)
        (IF (EQ SIZE '*)
            T
            (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE OBJECT)
                SIZE))))

```

```

(DEFATYPEP SIMPLE-STRING (&OPTIONAL SIZE) (OBJECT)
  (AND (SIMPLE-STRING-P OBJECT)
        (IF (EQ SIZE '*)
            T
            (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE OBJECT)
                SIZE))))

```

```
(DEFTYPEP BIT-VECTOR (&OPTIONAL SIZE) (OBJECT)
  (AND (BIT-VECTOR-P OBJECT)
    (IF (EQ SIZE '*')
      T
      (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE OBJECT)
        SIZE))))
```

```
(DEFTYPEP SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR (&OPTIONAL SIZE) (OBJECT)
  (AND (SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR-P OBJECT)
    (IF (EQ SIZE '*')
      T
      (EQ (ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE OBJECT)
        SIZE))))
```

::: for TYPE-OF Interlisp types that have different common Lisp names

```
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:CHARACTER CMLTYPE CHARACTER)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:FIXP CMLTYPE BIGNUM)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:FLOATP CMLTYPE SINGLE-FLOAT)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:GENERAL-ARRAY CMLTYPE ARRAY)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:LISTP CMLTYPE CONS)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:LITATOM CMLTYPE SYMBOL)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:ONED-ARRAY CMLTYPE ARRAY)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:SMALLP CMLTYPE FIXNUM)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:HARRAYP CMLTYPE HASH-TABLE)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:TWOD-ARRAY CMLTYPE ARRAY)
(IL:PUTPROPS SYMBOL CMLSUBTYPE-DESCRIMINATOR SYMBOL-TYPE)
(IL:PUTPROPS ARRAY CMLSUBTYPE-DESCRIMINATOR ARRAY-TYPE)
```

::: tell the filepkg what to do with the type-expander property

```
(IL:PUTPROPS :TYPE-EXPANDER IL:PROPTYPE IGNORE)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:TYPE-EXPANDER IL:PROPTYPE IGNORE)
```

::: Compiler options

```
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:CMLTYPES IL:FILETYPE COMPILE-FILE)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:CMLTYPES IL:MAKEFILE-ENVIRONMENT (:READTABLE "XCL" :PACKAGE "LISP"))
(IL:DECLARE\ : IL:DONTEVAL@LOAD IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY)
(IL:DECLARE\ : IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY)
(IL:LOCALVARS . T)
)
)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:CMLTYPES IL:COPYRIGHT ("Venue & Xerox Corporation" 1985 1986 1987 1988 1990 1993 2024))
```

FUNCTION INDEX

%RANGE-TYPE	5	FLOATP	6
%TYPEP-PRED	6	NUMBERP	6
%VALID-TYPE-P	3	RANGE<=	9
ARRAY-TYPE	5	SI::SUB-DATATYPE-P	9
BASE-SUBTYPEP	10	SUBTYPEP	7
BIGNUMP	7	SUBTYPEP-TYPE-EXPAND	8
COERCE	3	SYMBOL-TYPE	5
COMMONP	2	XCL:TRUE	5
COMPLETE-ARRAY-TYPE-DIMENSIONS	9	TYPE-EXPAND	4
COMPLETE-META-EXPRESSION-DEFAULTS	9	TYPE-EXPANDER	4
SI::DATATYPE-P	9	TYPE-OF	2
EQUAL-DIMENSIONS	9	TYPEP	2
EQUAL-ELEMENT-TYPE	11	USEFUL-TYPE-EXPANSION-P	11
XCL:FALSE	5		

TYPE INDEX

ARRAY	13	CONS	12	LIST	12	READTABLE	13	SINGLE-FLOAT	13
ATOM	12	DOUBLE-FLOAT	12	LONG-FLOAT	12	SEQUENCE	13	STANDARD-CHAR	13
BIGNUM	12	FIXNUM	12	MEMBER	12	SHORT-FLOAT	13	STREAM	12
BIT	12	FLOAT	12	MOD	12	SIGNED-BYTE	13	STRING	14
BIT-VECTOR	16	FUNCTION	12	NULL	12	SIMPLE-ARRAY	15	STRING-CHAR	13
CHARACTER	12	HASH-TABLE	12	NUMBER	12	SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR	16	SYMBOL	13
COMMON	13	INTEGER	12	PACKAGE	13	SIMPLE-STRING	15	UNSIGNED-BYTE	13
COMPILED-FUNCTION	13	KEYWORD	12	RATIONAL	13	SIMPLE-VECTOR	16	VECTOR	14

TYPEP INDEX

ARRAY	16	INTEGER	17	RATIONAL	18	SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR	19	UNSIGNED-BYTE	18
BIT-VECTOR	19	LIST	16	SEQUENCE	16	SIMPLE-STRING	18	VECTOR	17
COMPLEX	17	MEMBER	16	SIGNED-BYTE	18	SIMPLE-VECTOR	17		
FLOAT	18	MOD	18	SIMPLE-ARRAY	17	STRING	18		

PROPERTY INDEX

ARRAY	19	IL:FIXP	19	IL:HARRAYP	19	IL:ONED-ARRAY	19	IL:TWOD-ARRAY	19
IL:CHARACTER	19	IL:FLOATP	19	IL:LISTP	19	IL:SMALLP	19	:TYPE-EXPANDER	19
IL:CMLTYPES	19	IL:GENERAL-ARRAY	19	IL:LITATOM	19	SYMBOL	19	IL:TYPE-EXPANDER	19

OPTIMIZER INDEX

COERCE	3	XCL:FALSE	6	FLOATP	6	NUMBERP	6	XCL:TRUE	6	TYPEP	3
--------	---	-----------	---	--------	---	---------	---	----------	---	-------	---

CONSTANT INDEX

%NO-SUPER-TYPE	7	*BASE-TYPE-LATTICE*	7	*COMMON-LISP-BASE-TYPES*	7
----------------	---	---------------------	---	--------------------------	---

DEFINER INDEX

DEFTYPE	4	DEFTYPEP	16
---------	---	----------	----

DEFINE-TYPE INDEX

TYPEP	16	IL:TYPES	4
-------	----	----------	---

MACRO INDEX

SETF-TYPE-EXPANDER	4	TYPECASE	3
--------------------	---	----------	---

SETF INDEX

TYPE-EXPANDER	4
---------------	---

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VARIABLE INDEX

TYPEP-HASH-TABLE2
